

High-Pressure Sandwich Filter

FOF60-30



Features and Benefits

- Sandwich filter configured for D03 subplate pattern
- Withstands high pressure surges, high static pressure loads
- 3000 psi collapse elements

12 gpm
45 L/min
6000 psi
415 bar

NF30
 NFS30
 YF30
 CFX30
 PLD
 CF40
 DF40
 PF40
 RFS50
 RF60
 CF60
 CTF60
 VF60
 LW60
 KF30
 KF50
 TF50
 KC50

Model No. of filter in photograph is FOF601FZX303BD5.

Flow Rating:	Up to 12 gpm (45 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	6000 psi (415 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	26,000 psi (1790 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	4000 psi (275 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Non-Bypass Model:	Available with high collapse elements
Porting Head:	Steel
Element Case:	Steel
Weight:	7.3 lbs. (3.3 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	4.50" (115 mm)

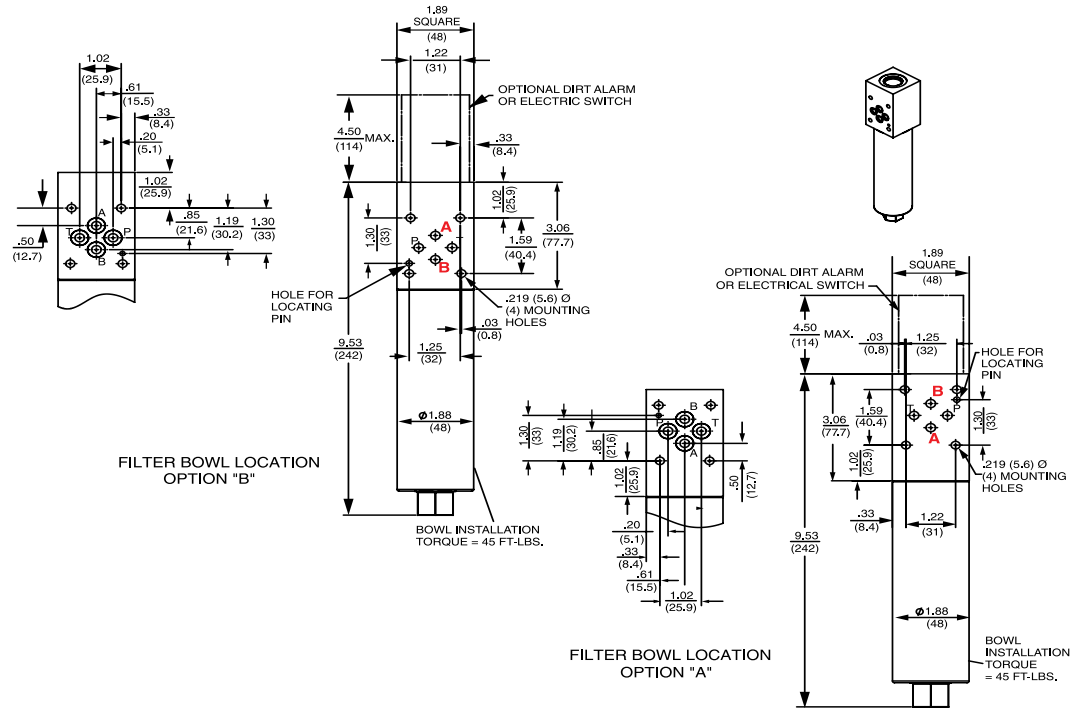
Filter Housing Specifications

MKF50
 MKC50
 KC65
 HS60
 MHS60
 KFH50
 LC60
 LC35
 LC50

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All Z-Media® (synthetic)
High Water Content	3 and 10 μ Z-Media® (synthetic)

Fluid Compatibility

NOF30-05
NOF-50-760
FOF60-03
 NMF30
 RMF60
 14-CRZX10
 20-CRZX10



Metric dimensions in ().
 Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only.
 For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
	$\beta_x \geq 75$	$\beta_x \geq 100$	$\beta_x \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 200$	$\beta_x(c) \geq 1000$
FZX3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	4.7	5.8
FZX10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	9.8

Element	DHC (gm)
FZX3	3*
FZX10	5.1

Element Collapse Rating: 3000 psid (210 bar) for high collapse (ZX) versions

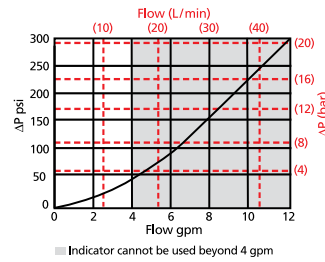
Flow Direction: Outside In

Element Nominal Dimensions: 1.25" (30 mm) O.D. x 3.25" (85 mm) long

*Based on 100 psi terminal pressure

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

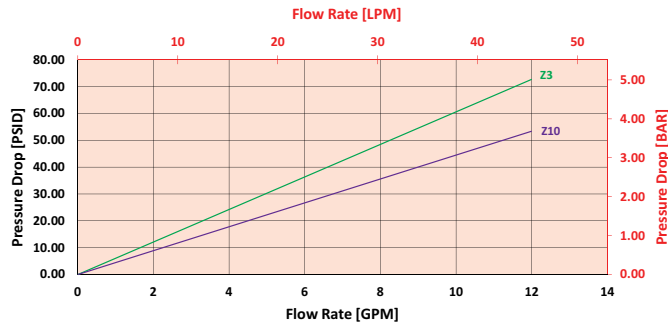
FOF60-03 $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

FXZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

Exercise:

Determine ΔP_{filter} at 5 gpm (19 L/min) for FOF601FZX1003BD5 using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ at 5 gpm. In this case, $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ is 60 psi (4.1 bar) on the graph for the FOF60 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ at 5 gpm. In this case, $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ is 22 psi (1.5 bar) according to the graph for the FZX10 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the **Viscosity Factor (V_f)** by dividing the **Operating Fluid Viscosity** with the **Standard Viscosity** of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential, ΔP_{filter} , is calculated by adding $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ with the true element pressure differential, $(\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$. The $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

Solution:

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 60 \text{ psi [4.1 bar]} \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 22 \text{ psi [1.5 bar]}$

$V_f = 160 \text{ SUS (34 cSt)} / 150 \text{ SUS (32 cSt)} = 1.1$

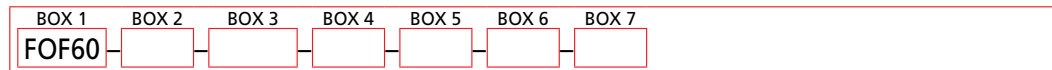
$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 60 \text{ psi} + (22 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 64.2 \text{ psi}$

OR

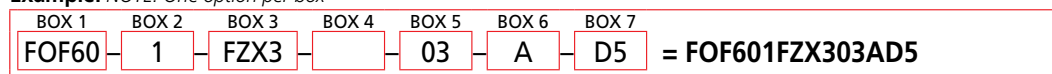
$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 4.1 \text{ bar} + (1.5 \text{ bar} * 1.1) = 5.8 \text{ bar}$

Filter Model Number Selection

How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder FOF60-03:



Example: NOTE: One option per box



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5
Filter Series	Number of Elements	Element Part Number	Seal Material	Porting
FOF60	1	FZX3 = F size 3 μ high collapse media FZX10 = F size 10 μ high collapse media	Omit = Buna N V = Viton®	03 = D03 subplate pattern

BOX 6	BOX 7
Filter Bowl Location	Dirt Alarm® Options
A = Bowl adjacent to Port "A" B = Bowl adjacent to Port "B" (Refer to drawing on page 140.)	None Omit = None
	Visual D5 = Visual pop-up
	Visual with Thermal Lockout D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout
	Electrical MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable MS5LC = Low current MS MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only) MS10LC = Low current MS10 MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only) MS12LC = Low current MS12 MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector MS16LC = Low current MS16 MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector
	Electrical with Thermal Lockout MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS5LCT = Low current MS5T MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS10LCT = Low current MS10T MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS12LCT = Low current MS12T MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout MS16LCT = Low current MS16T MS17LCT = Low current MS17T
	Electrical Visual MS13 = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)
	Electrical Visual with Thermal Lockout MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

NOTES:

Box 3. Replacement element part numbers are identical to contents of Boxes 3 and 4.

Box 4. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Box 7. Dirt Alarm® cannot be used beyond 4 gpm. Filters ordered without a Dirt Alarm do not include a machined indicator port. Therefore, one cannot be added at a later date.