Top-Ported Pressure Filter NF30

NF30



20 gpm 3000 psi 210 bar

75 Ľ/min

■ All aluminum assembly

Features and Benefits

■ Top-ported pressure filter

Available with non-bypass option with high collapse element

- Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread and ISO 228 porting
- Same day shipment model available

Model No. of filter in photograph is NF301NZ10SD5.

Flow Rating: Up to 20 gpm (75 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids Max. Operating Pressure: 3000 psi (210 bar) Min. Yield Pressure: 10,000 psi (690 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1 Rated Fatigue Pressure: 2400 psi (165 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1 Temp. Range: -20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C) Bypass Setting: Cracking: 40 psi (2.8 bar) Full Flow: 85 psi (5.9 bar) Non-bypassing model has a blocked bypass. Porting Head: Aluminum Element Case: Aluminum Weight of NF30-1N: 3.4 lbs. (1.5 kg) Weight of NF30-1NN: 4.4 lbs. (2.0 kg) Element Change Clearance: 4.50" (115 mm)

Filter Housing **Specifications**

KC65

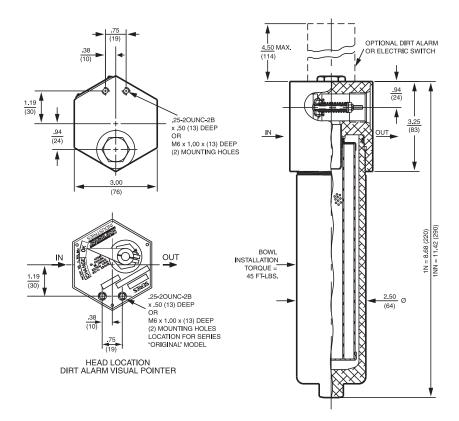
KF30

KFH50

Type Fluid Appropriate Schroeder Media Petroleum Based Fluids All E Media (cellulose), Z-Media® and ASP® Media (synthetic) High Water Content All Z-Media® and ASP® media (synthetic) Invert Emulsions 10 and 25 μ Z-Media® and 10 μ ASP® media (synthetic) Water Glycols 3, 5, 10 and 25 µ Z-Media® and 3, 5 and 10 µ ASP® Media (synthetic) Fluid Compatibility OF-50-760

NF30

Top-Ported Pressure Filter



Metric dimensions in ().

Dimensions shown are inches (millimeters) for general information and overall envelope size only. For complete dimensions please contact Schroeder Industries to request a certified print.

Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

		o Per ISO 4572/Ned particle counter (per ISO 4402	Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171		
Element	ß _X ≥ 75	$B_X \ge 100$	$B_X \ge 200$	$\beta_{\chi}(c) \ge 200$	$\beta_{X}(c) \ge 1000$
NZ1/NNZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
NZ3/NNZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
NZ5/NNZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
NZ10/NNZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
NZ25/NNZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0
NNZX3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	4.7	5.8
NNZX10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	9.8

Dirt Holding Capacity

Element	DHC (gm)	Element	DHC (gm)
NZ1	12	NNZ3	16
NZ3	12	NNZ5	18
NZ5	12	NNZ10	15
NZ10	11	NNZ25	15
NZ25	11	NNZX3	11*
NNZ1	15	NNZX10	13*

* Based on 100 psi terminal pressure

Element Collapse Rating: 150 psid (10 bar) for standard elements

3000 psid (210 bar) for high collapse (ZX) versions

Flow Direction: Outside In

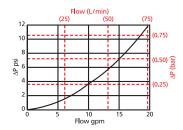
Element Nominal Dimensions: N: 1.75" (45 mm) O.D. x 5.25" (135 mm) long

NN: 1.75" (45 mm) O.D. x 8.0" (200 mm) long

Top-Ported Pressure Filter NF3

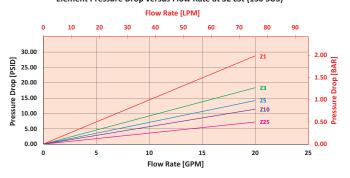
 $\triangle \textbf{P}_{\text{housing}}$

NF30 $\triangle P_{\text{housing}}$ for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:

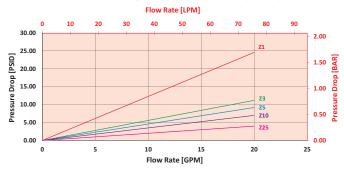


 $\triangle P_{element}$

1NZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



1NNZ Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\triangle P_{\text{filter}} = \triangle P_{\text{housing}} + (\triangle P_{\text{element}} * V_f)$$

Exercise:

Determine ΔP_{filter} at 15 gpm (57 L/min) for NF301NZ10SD5 using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine $\Delta P_{housing}$ at 15 gpm. In this case, $\Delta P_{housing}$ is 7 psi (.48 bar) according to the graph for an NF30 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine $\Delta P_{element}$ at 15 gpm. In this, case, $\Delta P_{element}$ is 8 psi (.55 bar) according to the graph for an NZ10 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor (V_f) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential, ΔP_{filter} , is calculated by adding $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ with the true element pressure differential, $(\Delta P_{element}^* \vee_f)$. The $\Delta P_{element}$ from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

Solution: $\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 7 \text{ psi } [0.48 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 8 \text{ psi } [0.55 \text{ bar}]$

 $V_f = 160 \text{ SUS } (34 \text{ cSt}) / 150 \text{ SUS } (32 \text{ cSt}) = 1.1$

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 7 \text{ psi} + (8 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 15.8 \text{ psi}$$

 $\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .48 \text{ bar} + (.55 \text{ bar} * 1.1) = 1.1 \text{ bar}$

Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

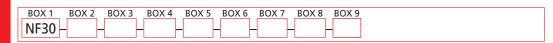
If your element is not graphed, use the following equation: $\Delta \mathbf{P}_{\text{element}} = \overline{\text{Flow}} \text{ Rate x } \Delta \mathbf{P}_f$ Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

Ele.	$\triangle \mathbf{P}$
N3	1.10
N10	0.17
N25	0.10
NAS3	0.92
NAS5	0.71
NAS10	0.57



NF30 Top-Ported Pressure Filter

Filter Model Number Selection



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6	BOX 7	BOX 8	BOX 9	
NF30	- 1N -	- Z	- 10 -		- S -		- D5 -	_	= NF301NZ10SD5

BOX 1

Filter Series

NF30

NFN30 (Non-bypassing: requires ZX high collapse

elements)

BOX 2 **Number & Size of** Elements

N = Single Length

NN = Double Length

BOX 3

Media Type

Omit = E Media (Cellulose)

Z = Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)

AS = Anti-Stat Media (synthetic)

ZX = Excellement® Z-Media® (high collapse center tube)

M = Media (reusable metal mesh) N size only

BOX 4

Micron Rating

1 = 1 Micron (Z, ZX media)

3 = 3 Micron (AS,E, Z, ZX media)

5 = 5 Micron (AS, Z, ZX media)

10 = 10 Micron (AS,E,M, Z, ZX media)

25 = 25 Micron (E, Z, ZX media)

60 = 60 Micron (M media)

BOX 5 Seal **M**aterial

Omit = Buna N

V = Viton®

W = Buna N,

Anodized Aluminum

parts

BOX 6 **Porting**

 $B = ISO228 G-\frac{3}{4}$ "

P = 3/4" NPTF

S = SAE-12

BOX 7 **Bypass**

Omit = 40 PSI

bypass

50 = 50 PSIBypass

X = Blocked

bypass

BOX 9

Additional Options

UNF drain

on housing

Omit = None

 $G792 = \frac{7}{16}$ "-20

(omit box 7 when NFN30 is selected)

BOX 8

Dirt Alarm® Options

Omit = None

D = Pointer Visual D5 = Visual pop-up

Visual with

Electrical

Lockout

D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout Thermal Lockout

MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-conductor cable

MS5LC = Low current MS5

MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male end only)

MS10LC = Low current MS10

MS11 = Electrical w/ 12 ft. 4-conductor wire

MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector (male end only)

MS12LC = Low current MS12

MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed sealed connector

MS16LC = Low current MS16

MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison male connector

MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal lockout

MS5LCT = Low current MS5T

MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lockout

Electrical MS10LCT = Low current MS10T

with MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lockout

Thermal MS12LCT = Low current MS12T

MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lockout

MS16LCT = Low current MS16T

MS17LCT = Low current MS17T

MS13DC = Supplied w/ threaded connector & light Electrical

Visual MS14DC = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison connector & light (male end)

MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout **Flectrical**

Visual with MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT

Thermal MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/ thermal lockout

Lockout MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

NOTES:

Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are identical to contents of Boxes 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Box 5. E media (cellulose) elements are only available with Buna N seals. For options V and W, all aluminum parts are anodized. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Box 7. When X is paired with a standard filter series, a standard bushing and spring plate will be used.