Return Line Filter TF1 TF1 30 gpm 120 L/min Features and Benefits 300 psi Offered in pipe, SAE straight thread, flange and ISO 228 porting 20 bar Various Dirt Alarm[®] options Available with No-Element indicator Available with NPTF inlet and outlet female test ports Available with magnet inserts Available with housing drain plug Model No. of filter in photograph is TF11AZ10S.

Filter Up to 30 gpm (120 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids Flow Rating: Housing Max. Operating Pressure: 300 psi (20 bar) **Specifications** Min. Yield Pressure: 1200 psi (80 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1 Rated Fatigue Pressure: 270 psi (19 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-2005 Temp. Range: -20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C) **Bypass Setting:** Cracking: 30 psi (2 bar) Full Flow: 51 psi (4 bar) Porting Head: **Cast Aluminum** Steel (TF1) or Stainless Steel (WTF1) Element Case: Weight of TF1-1A: 5.1 lbs. (2.3 kg) Weight of TF1-2A: 6.3 lbs. (2.9 kg) Element Change Clearance: 3.50" (90 mm)

- MRT

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media	Fluid	Accessories
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E media (cellulose) and Z-Media [®] (synthetic)	Compatibility	For Tank-
High Water Content	All Z-Media [*] (synthetic)		Mounted
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 μ Z-Media $^{\circ}$ (synthetic)		Filters
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media $^{\circ}$ (synthetic)		
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media [*] (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation		PAF1
Skydrol [°]	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media $^{\circ}$ (synthetic) with H.5 seal designation (EPR seals and stainless steel wire mesh in element, and light oil coating on housing exterior)		MAF1
			MED

Return Line Filter



Metric dimensions in ().

Element Performance Information & Dirt Holding Capacity

	Filtration Ratio Per ISO 4572/NFPA T3.10.8.8 Using automated particle counter (APC) calibrated per ISO 4402			Filtration Ratio per ISO 16889 Using APC calibrated per ISO 11171	
Element	$\beta_x \ge 75$	$\beta_x \ge 100$	$\beta_x \ge 200$	$\beta_x(c) \ge 200$	$\hat{B}_{x}(c) \geq 1000$
AZ1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<4.0	4.2
AZ3	<1.0	<1.0	<2.0	<4.0	4.8
AZ5	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.8	6.3
AZ10	7.4	8.2	10.0	8.0	10.0
AZ25	18.0	20.0	22.5	19.0	24.0

Element	DHC (gm)	
A3	16	
A10	13	
AZ1	25	
AZ3	26	
AZ5	30	
AZ10	28	
AZ25	28	
	Element Collapse Rating:	150 psid (10 bar)
	Flow Direction:	Outside In

Flow Direction: Outside In Element Nominal Dimensions: 3.0" (75 mm) O.D. x 4.5" (115 mm) long

TF1

Return Line Filter

TF1



 ΔP_{eler}







 $\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * V_{\text{f}})$

Exercise:

Determine ΔP_{inter} at 15 gpm (57 L/min) for TF11AZ3PD5 using 175 SUS (37.2 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ at 15 gpm. In this case, $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ is 3 psi (.21 bar) on the graph for the TF1 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ at 15 gpm. In this case, $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ is 7.5 psi (.52 bar) according to the graph for the AZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 175 SUS (37.2 cSt), we determine the Viscosity Factor (V_{i}) by dividing the Operating Fluid Viscosity with the Standard Viscosity of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential, ΔP_{mer} , is calculated by adding ΔP_{bound} with the true element pressure differential, ($\Delta P_{\text{tensent}} * V_f$). The $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

Solution:

 $\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 3 \text{ psi } [.21 \text{ bar}] \mid \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 7.5 \text{ psi } [.52 \text{ bar}]$ V_f = 175 SUS (37.2 cSt) / 150 SUS (32 cSt) = 1.2

$$\Delta P_{\text{reaser}} = 3 \text{ psi} + (7.5 \text{ psi} * 1.2) = 12 \text{ psi}$$

$$\underline{OR}$$

$$\Delta P_{\text{reaser}} = .21 \text{ bar} + (.52 \text{ bar} * 1.2) = .83 \text{ bar}$$

Pressure Drop Information Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

Note: If your element is not graphed, use the following equation: $\Delta P_{\text{stement}} = \text{Flow Rate x } \Delta P_{f}.$ Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

Ele.	ΔP	Ele.	ΔP	
A3	0.53	AA3	0.27	
A10	0.36	AA10	0.18	
A25	0.05	AA25	0.03	

Return Line Filter

TF1

	Filter	How to Build a Va	alid Model	Number for a Schroeder TF1:		
	Model	BOX 1 BOX 2				
	Number					
	Selection	Example: NOTE: Only BOX 1 BOX 2				
		TF1 - 1 - A3 P D5 - = TF				-11A3PD5
		BOX 1 BOX	2	BOX 3	BOX 4	BOX 5
		Filter Numb Series Eleme	er of ents	Element Part Number	Seal Mater	ial Magnet Option
		TE1 ¹		A3 = 3 μ E media (cellulose)	Omit = Buna N	I Omit = None
				A10 = 10 μ E media (cellulose)	H = EPR	= Magnet
		WIF1		A25 = 25 μ E media (cellulose)	V = Viton	inserts
				AZ1 = 1 μ Excellement [*] Z-Media [*] (synthetic)	H.5 = Skydrol	* :b:!!:+./
				$AZ5 = 5 \ \mu \text{ Excellement}^2 \text{ Z-Media}^2 (synthetic)$ $AZ5 = 5 \ \mu \text{ Excellement}^2 \text{ Z-Media}^2 (synthetic)$	compat	Ionity
				AZ10 = 10 μ Excellement [*] Z-Media [*] (synthetic)		
				AZ25 = 25 μ Excellement [°] Z-Media [°] (synthetic)		
				AM10 = 10 μ M media (reusable metal) AM25 = 25 μ M media (reusable metal)		
				$AM60 = 60 \mu$ M media (reusable metal)		
			A	M150 = 150 μ M media (reusable metal)		
		BOX 6		BOX 8		BOX 9
Porting Options		Porting Options		Dirt Alarm [®] Options		Test Points
		P = 1" NPTF		Omit = None		Omit = None
		S = SAE-16 B = ISO 228 G-1"	Visual	D = Pointer D5 = Visual pop-up		L = Two ¼" NPTF inlet
		- 130 220 0-1	Visual with	D9 - Visual w/ thermal lockout		and outlet
		BOX 7	Lockout			ports
		Bypass Settings		MS5 = Electrical w/ 12 in. 18 gauge 4-cor MS5LC = Low current MS5	nductor cable	N = No-Element
		Omit = 30 psi bypass		MS10 = Electrical w/ DIN connector (male	end only)	indicator
		40 = 40 psi bypass		MS10LC = Low current MS10		G440 = ½" drain
			Electrical	MS11 = Electrical W/ 12 ft. 4-conductor WI MS12 = Electrical w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison c (male end only)	re onnector	on bottom of housing
NOTES	5:			MS12LC = Low current MS12		
Box 1.	WTF1 includes a Anodized			MS16 = Electrical w/ weather-packed seal MS16LC = Low current MS16	ed connector	
	Bowl.			MS17LC = Electrical w/ 4 pin Brad Harrison n	nale connector	
Box 3.	Replacement element part			MS5T = MS5 (see above) w/ thermal locko	ut	
	numbers are identical to contents			MS10T = MS10 (see above) w/ thermal lock	out	
	of Boxes 3 and 4. E media elements are		Electrical	MS10LCT = Low current MS10T		
	only available with Buna		Thermal	MS12T = MS12 (see above) w/ thermal lock	out	
Roy 4	For option V all aluminum		LOCKOUL	MS16T = MS16 (see above) w/ thermal lock	out	
JUX 4.	parts are anodized. H.5			MS16LCT = Low current MS16T		
	the following: EPR seals,			MS = Cam operated switch w/ ½" condu	ıit	
	stainless steel wire mesh on elements, and light oil		Electrical	female connection	liaht	
	coating on housing exterior. Viton [®] is a registered		Visual	MS14 = Supplied w/ 5 pin Brad Harrison c	onnector	
	trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.		Electric I	<u>& light (male end)</u> MS13DCT = MS13 (see above), direct current. w/	thermal lockout	
	Skydrol [®] is a registered trademark of		Electrical Visual with	MS13DCLCT = Low current MS13DCT		
	Solutia Inc.		Thermal	MS14DCT = MS14 (see above), direct current, w/	hermal lockout	

MS14DCLCT = Low current MS14DCT

Box 6. B porting option supplied with metric mounting holes.

Lockout